



**UNIVERSIDAD AUTÓNOMA DEL ESTADO
DE HIDALGO
ESCUELA SUPERIOR DE ZIMAPÁN**



**Licenciatura en Derecho
Decisiones Personales.
Lengua Extranjera.**

**Tema: Present Perfect
(Time expressions)**

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Trejo**

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Tema: Present perfect (time expressions)

Resumen (Abstract)

- **Aprender expresiones de tiempo tales como: ever, never, already, yet**
- **To learn Time expressions as such as: ever, never, already, yet**

Palabras clave: (keywords)

- **Ever, never, already, yet**

Objetivo general: El alumno podrá entender y compartir información acerca de experiencias y logros, expresar sentimientos y cantidades, enfatizar hechos, expresar situaciones que evidencian una relación causa-efecto, así como describir acciones y vincular sus ideas en el discurso, manteniendo una interacción social de sucesos pasados en relación con el presente, de acuerdo al contexto socioeducativo.

Nombre de la unidad: Descripción de experiencias.

Objetivo de la unidad: Narrar experiencias.

Tema: ever, never, already, yet

1.1.2. Indicar momentos específicos a lo largo de un periodo de tiempo.

Introducción: Time expressions used with the present perfect.

Present perfect

Time expressions (ever, never, already, yet)

yet

We use yet in negative sentences in connection with acts which have not been concluded yet. We also use yet in asking questions.

EXAMPLE

John has just done his homework.

already

We use already in order to show that something has been done or it has been concluded. We also use already in asking questions.

EXAMPLE

John has already done his homework.

Present perfect

Time expressions

(ever, never, already, yet)

ever

Ever means at any time and is used in questions. It is used in asking questions.

EXAMPLE

Have you ever visited Prague?

never

We use never when you have not had an experience.

EXAMPLE

I have never been to France.

more
examples

Have you don't the ironing yet?

No, I haven't. I haven't done the ironing yet.

Have you done the washing up already?

Yes, I have. I've already done it.

Have you **ever** failed a class?

Have you ever traveled by train?

I have **never** cheated in an exam.

My brother has **never** visited London before.

PRACTICE

Choose the correct word.

1 Have you **ever / never** been camping with friends?

2 No, I haven't been camping with my friends **already/yet.**

3 Yes, I've **already / yet** been camping with my friends.

4 Have you **ever/yet** been to London?

5 No, I've **ever/never** been to London.

Conclusión o cierre:

Las expresiones de tiempo nos ayudan a determinar en que tiempo verbal se encuentra escrita una oración.

Bibliografía del tema:

Redston, C. y Cunningham, G. (2005). Face2face Elementary Student's Book. Italy: Cambridge.

EF Education First. (06 de Octubre de 2017). 2017

<http://www.ef.com.mx/recursos-aprender-ingles/gramatica-inglesa/present-perfect-ever-never-already-yet/>

Evans, Virginia. (2000). Enterprise Student's Book Grammar 1. express Publishing.